

逐次定常反応の考え方

平衡と定常

平衡とは $\Delta_r G = 0$ $v = 0$

死の世界！

定常とは $\Delta_r G < 0$ $v = \text{const.} > 0$

最近、よく耳にする動的平衡とは何？

定常状態反応それとも素反応平衡？

反応抵抗

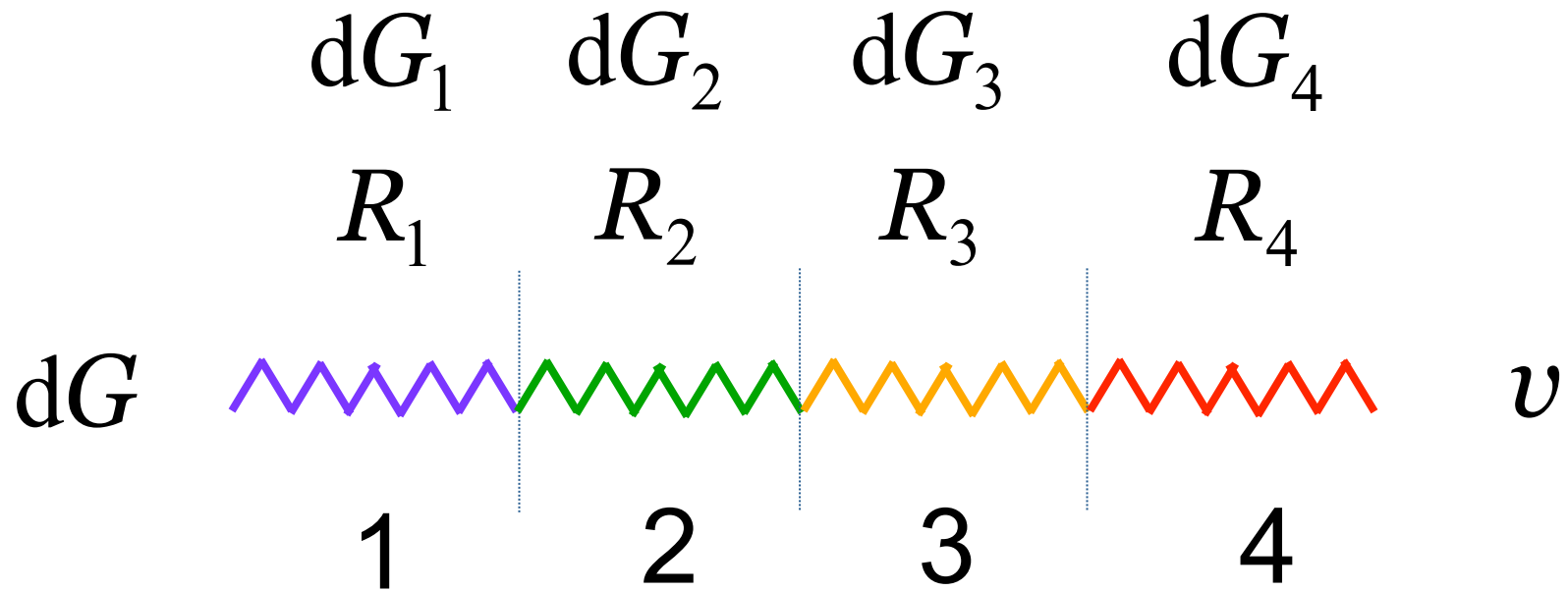
$$\Delta_{\text{r}}G \equiv \frac{\text{d}G}{\text{d}\xi}$$

$$v \equiv \frac{1}{V} \frac{\text{d}\xi}{\text{d}t} \quad v = \text{const.} > 0$$

$$\frac{\text{d}\Delta_{\text{r}}G}{\text{d}t} (= V\Delta_{\text{r}}Gv) = Rv$$

$V\Delta_{\text{r}}G \approx \text{const.}$ のとき $v \approx \text{const.}$

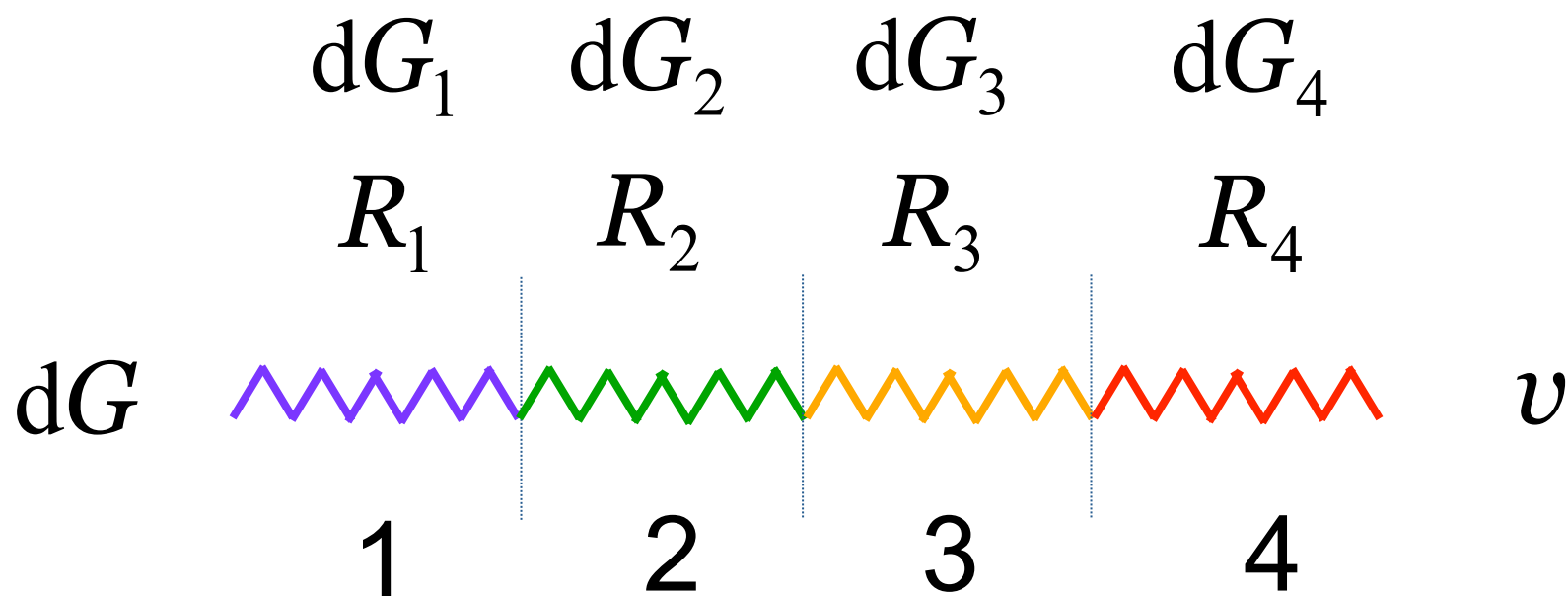
逐次反应



$$\frac{dG}{dt} = Rv = \frac{(\sum dG_i)}{dt} = (\sum R_i v_i) = (\sum R_i) v$$

$$R = \sum R_i$$

律速段階の反応速度表現



$$R \cong R_j \gg R_{i \neq j}$$

$$Rv \cong R_j v_j \qquad R_j \cong \frac{Rv}{v_j}$$

逐次定常反応の速度表現

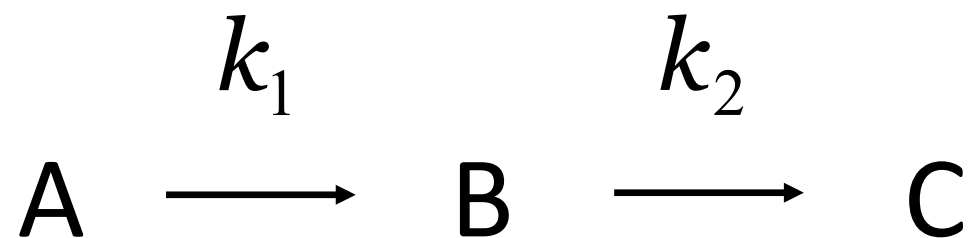
$$R = \sum R_i \quad R_j \cong \frac{Rv}{v_j} \quad v_i = k_i c$$

$$\frac{1}{v} = \sum \frac{1}{v_i}$$

$$\frac{1}{k} = \sum \frac{1}{k_i}$$

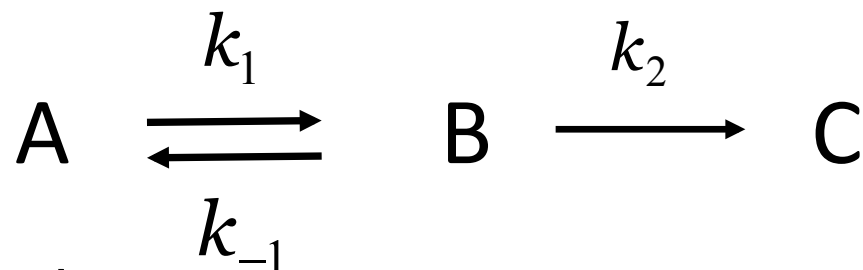
一次反応速度定数であることに注意

逐次不可逆定常反应



$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2}$$

前駆両方向反応がある逐次定常反応



B生成反応律速

$$v_{1,\text{rds}} = k_{1,\text{rds}} c_A = k_2 c_B$$

$$\frac{dc_B}{dt} = k_1 c_A - (k_{-1} + k_2) c_B = 0$$

$$K_1 = \frac{c_B}{c_A} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1} + k_2}$$

定常状態濃度商

$$k_{1,\text{rds}} = k_2 \frac{c_B}{c_A} = K_1 k_2$$

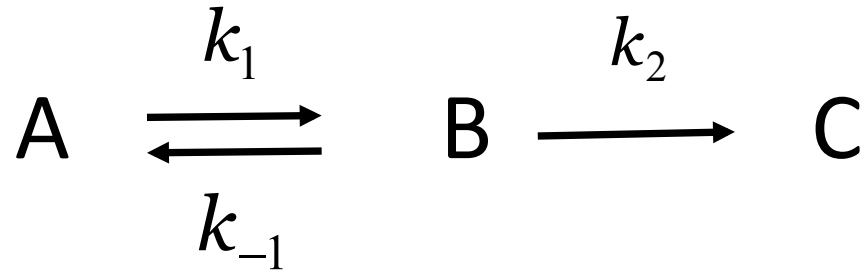
C生成反応律速 (AがすべてBになっているような状態)

$$v_{2,\text{rds}} = k_{2,\text{rds}} c_A = k_2 c_B \cong k_2 c_A$$

$$k_{2,\text{rds}} = k_2$$

$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{K_1 k_2} + \frac{1}{k_2}$$

前駆両方向反応がある逐次定常反応 2

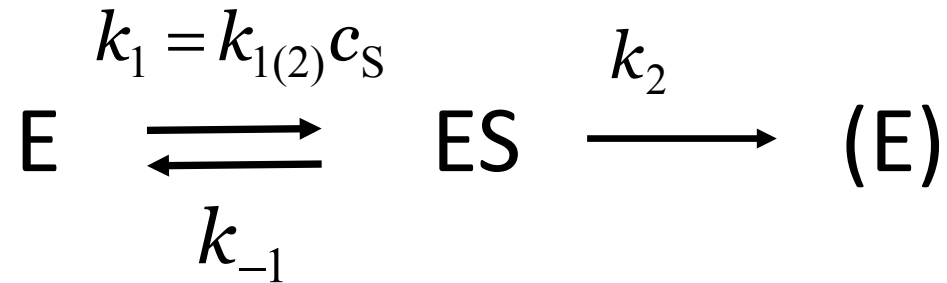


$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{K_1 k_2} + \frac{1}{k_2} \qquad K_1 = \frac{c_B}{c_A} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1} + k_2}$$

$$k_{-1} \ll k_2 \text{ の場合} \qquad \frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2}$$

$$k_{-1} \gg k_2 \text{ の場合} \qquad K_1 = \frac{c_B}{c_A} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1}} \qquad \text{前駆平衡定数}$$

ミカエリス–メンテン式

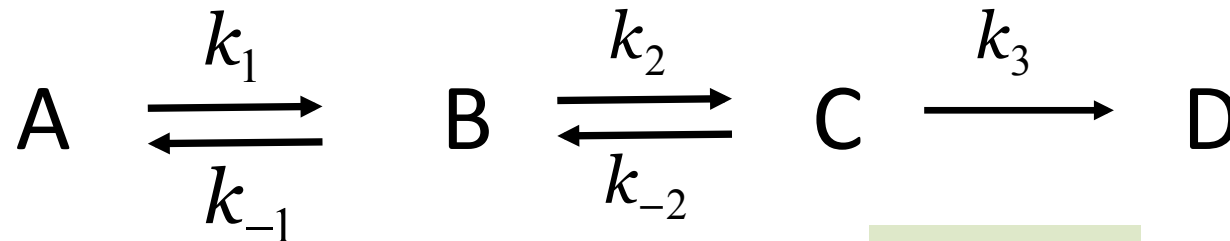


$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{K_1 k_2} + \frac{1}{k_2} \qquad K_1 = \frac{c_{\text{ES}}}{c_{\text{E}}} = \frac{c_S}{K_M}$$

$$k = \frac{k_2}{1 + 1/K_1} = \frac{k_2}{1 + K_M / c_S}$$

$$v = \frac{k_2 c_{\text{E}}}{1 + K_M / c_S}$$

前駆両方向反応が2つある逐次定常反応



B生成反応律速 $v_{1,\text{rds}} = k_{1,\text{rds}} c_A = k_1 c_A$ $k_{1,\text{rds}} = k_1$

C生成反応律速 (A $\rightleftharpoons$ BでBに偏っている状態)

$$v_{2,\text{rds}} = k_{2,\text{rds}} c_A \cong k_{2,\text{rds}} c_B = k_3 c_C$$

$$K_2 = \frac{c_C}{c_B} = \frac{k_4}{k_{-2} + k_3} \quad k_{2,\text{rds}} = k_3 \frac{c_C}{c_B} = K_2 k_3$$

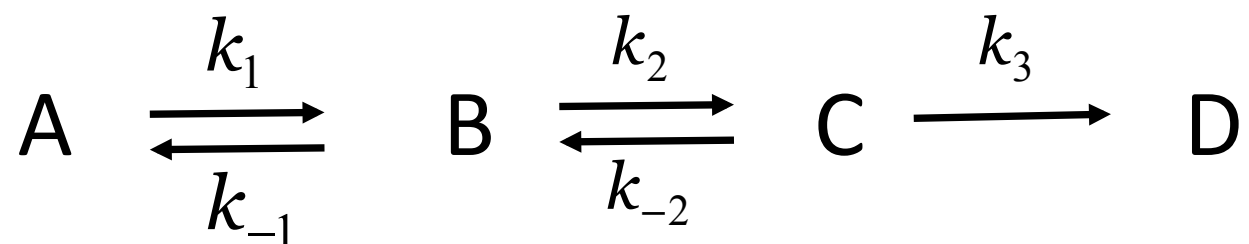
C生成反応律速 (A $\rightleftharpoons$ BでAに偏っている状態)

$$v_{2,\text{rds}} = k_{3,\text{rds}} c_A = k_3 c_C$$

$$K_1 = \frac{c_B}{c_A} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1}} \quad k_{3,\text{rds}} = k_3 \frac{c_C}{c_A} = k_3 \frac{c_B}{c_A} \frac{c_C}{c_B} = K_1 K_2 k_3$$

D生成反応律速 $v_{4,\text{rds}} = k_{4,\text{rds}} c_A = k_3 c_C \approx k_3 c_A$ $k_{4,\text{rds}} = k_3$

前駆両方向反応が2つある逐次定常反応 (続)

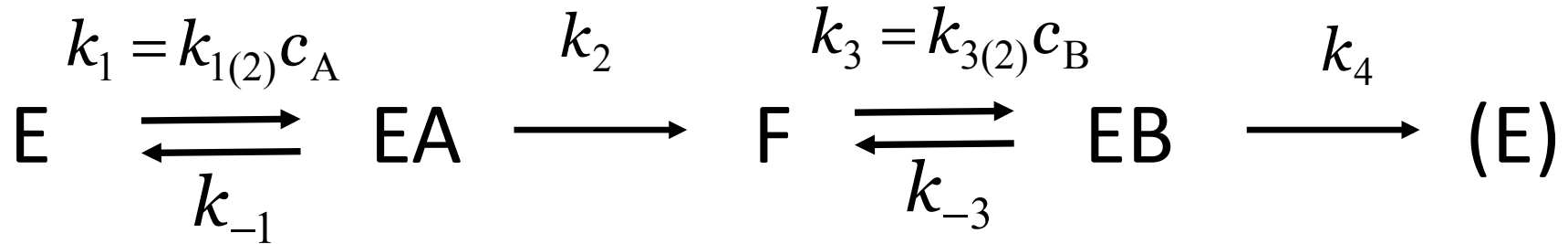


$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{K_1 K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{k_3}$$

$$K_1 = \frac{c_B}{c_A} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1}}$$

$$K_2 = \frac{c_C}{c_B} = \frac{k_2}{k_{-2} + k_3}$$

ピンポンバイバイ反応



$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{K_1 k_2} + \frac{1}{k_2} + \frac{1}{K_3 k_4} + \frac{1}{k_4}$$

$$= \frac{k_2 + k_4}{k_2 k_4} + \frac{1}{K_1 k_2} + \frac{1}{K_3 k_4}$$

$$= \frac{k_2 + k_4}{k_2 k_4} \left(1 + \frac{k_4}{K_1 (k_2 + k_4)} + \frac{k_2}{K_3 (k_2 + k_4)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{k_2 + k_4}{k_2 k_4} \left(1 + \frac{k_4 K_A}{c_A (k_2 + k_4)} + \frac{k_2 K_B}{c_B (k_2 + k_4)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{k_c} \left(1 + \frac{K_M^A}{c_A} + \frac{K_M^B}{c_B} \right)$$

$$K_1 \equiv \frac{c_{\text{EA}}}{c_{\text{E}}} = \frac{k_{1(2)}c_A}{k_{-1} + k_2}$$

$$K_2 \equiv \frac{c_{\text{FB}}}{c_{\text{F}}} = \frac{k_{3(2)}c_B}{k_{-3} + k_4}$$

定序バイバイ反応（オーダードバイバイ反応）



$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{K_1 K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{k_3} + \frac{1}{k_4}$$

$$= \frac{k_3 + k_4}{k_3 k_4} + \frac{1}{k_{1(2)}c_A} + \frac{1}{K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{K_1 K_2 k_3}$$

$$= \frac{k_3 + k_4}{k_3 k_4} \left(1 + \frac{k_3 k_4}{k_{1(2)}(k_3 + k_4)c_A} + \frac{k_4}{K_2(k_3 + k_4)} + \frac{k_4}{K_1 K_2(k_3 + k_4)} \right)$$

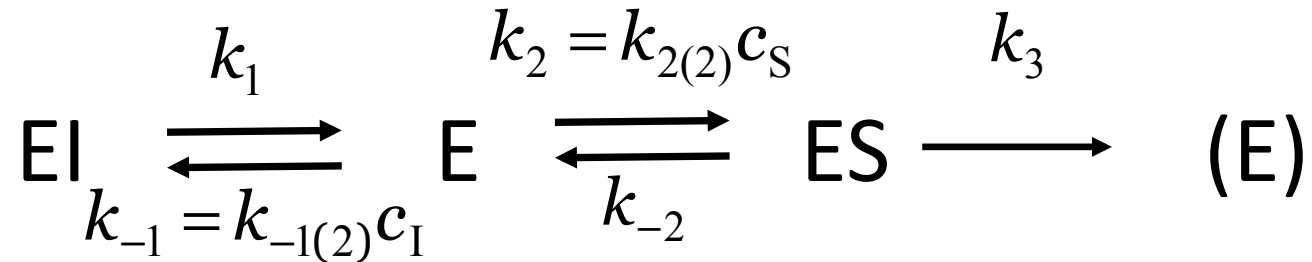
$$= \frac{k_3 + k_4}{k_3 k_4} \left(1 + \frac{k_3 k_4}{k_{1(2)}(k_3 + k_4)c_A} + \frac{(k_{-2} + k_3)k_4}{k_{2(2)}(k_3 + k_4)c_B} + \frac{k_{-1}(k_{-2} + k_3)k_4}{k_{1(2)}k_{2(2)}(k_3 + k_4)c_A c_B} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{k_c} \left(1 + \frac{K_M^A}{c_A} + \frac{K_M^B}{c_B} + \frac{K_I^A K_M^B}{c_A c_B} \right)$$

$$K_1 \equiv \frac{c_{\text{EA}}}{c_{\text{E}}} = \frac{k_{1(2)}c_A}{k_{-1}}$$

$$K_2 \equiv \frac{c_{\text{EAB}}}{c_{\text{EA}}} = \frac{k_{2(2)}c_B}{k_{-2} + k_3}$$

拮抗阻害（競合阻害）反応



ES生成反応律速 ($\text{E} \rightleftharpoons \text{ES}$ でEに偏っている状態)

$$k_{1,\text{rds}} = K_2 k_3 \quad K_2 = \frac{c_{\text{ES}}}{c_{\text{E}}} = \frac{k_{2(2)}c_S}{k_{-2} + k_3} = \frac{c_S}{K_M}$$

E再成反応律速 ($\text{EI} \rightleftharpoons \text{E}$ でEIに偏っている状態)

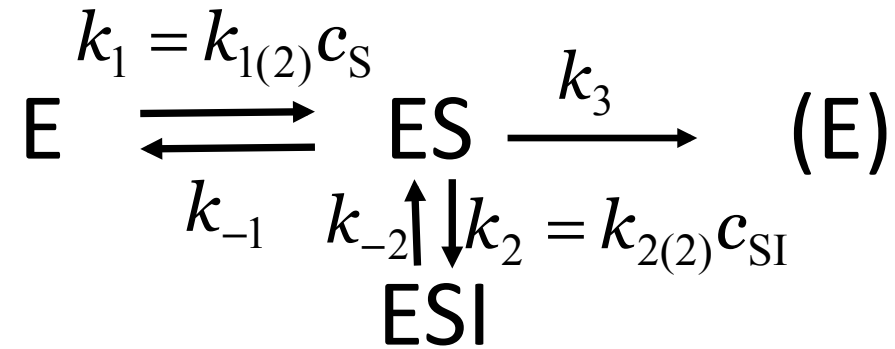
$$k_{2,\text{rds}} = K_1 K_2 k_3 \quad K_1 = \frac{c_{\text{E}}}{c_{\text{EI}}} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1}} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1(2)}c_I} = \frac{K_I}{c_I}$$

(E)再成反応律速（すべてESになっている状態）

$$k_{3,\text{rds}} = k_3$$

$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{K_1 K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{k_3} = \frac{1}{k_3} \left[1 + \frac{K_M}{c_S} \left(1 + \frac{c_I}{K_I} \right) \right]$$

不拮抗阻害（反競合阻害）反応



ES生成反応律速 ($\text{E} \rightleftharpoons \text{ES}$ でEに偏っている状態)

$$k_{1,\text{rds}} = K_1 k_3 \quad K_1 = \frac{c_{\text{ES}}}{c_{\text{E}}} = \frac{k_{1(2)}c_S}{k_{-1} + k_3} = \frac{c_S}{K_M}$$

ES再成反応律速 ($\text{ESI} \rightleftharpoons \text{ES}$ でESIに偏っている状態)

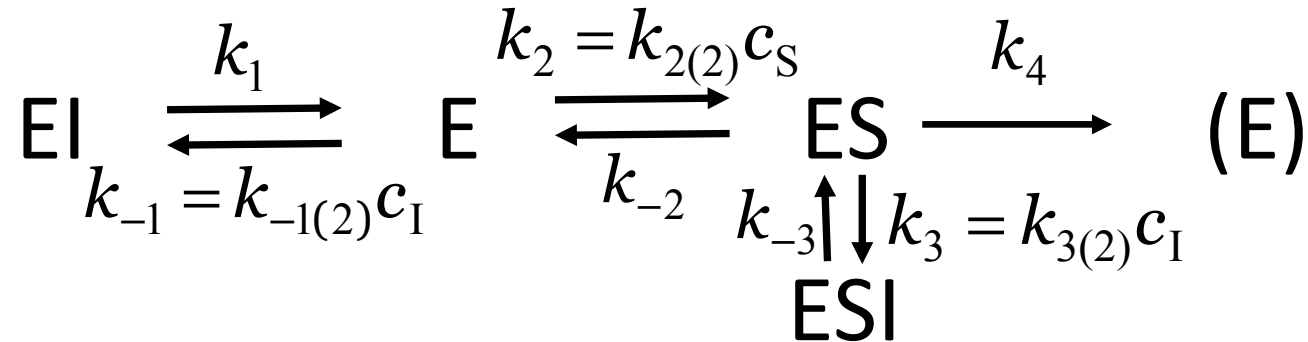
$$k_{2,\text{rds}} = K_2 k_3 \quad K_2 = \frac{c_{\text{ES}}}{c_{\text{ESI}}} = \frac{k_{-2}}{k_2} = \frac{k_{-2}}{k_{2(2)}c_{\text{I}}} = \frac{K_{\text{SI}}}{c_{\text{I}}}$$

(E)再成反応律速（すべてESになっている状態）

$$k_{3,\text{rds}} = k_3$$

$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{K_1 k_3} + \frac{1}{K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{k_3} = \frac{1}{k_3} \left[1 + \frac{c_{\text{I}}}{K_{\text{SI}}} + \frac{K_{\text{M}}}{c_{\text{S}}} \right] = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{c_{\text{I}}}{K_{\text{SI}}} \right)}{k_3} \left[1 + \frac{K_{\text{M}}}{c_{\text{S}} \left(1 + \frac{c_{\text{I}}}{K_{\text{SI}}} \right)} \right]$$

混合阻害反応



ES生成反応律速 (E $\rightleftharpoons$ ESでEに偏っている状態)

$$k_{1,\text{rds}} = K_2 k_4 \quad K_2 = \frac{c_{\text{ES}}}{c_{\text{E}}} = \frac{k_{2(2)}c_S}{k_{-2} + k_3} = \frac{c_S}{K_M}$$

E再生反応律速 (EI $\rightleftharpoons$ EでEIに偏っている状態)

$$k_{2,\text{rds}} = K_1 K_2 k_4 \quad K_1 = \frac{c_{\text{E}}}{c_{\text{EI}}} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1}} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1(2)}c_I} = \frac{K_I}{c_I}$$

ES再生反応律速 (ESI $\rightleftharpoons$ ESでESIに偏っている状態)

$$k_{3,\text{rds}} = K_3 k_4 \quad K_3 = \frac{c_{\text{ES}}}{c_{\text{ESI}}} = \frac{k_{-3}}{k_3} = \frac{k_{-3}}{k_{3(2)}c_I} = \frac{K_{\text{SI}}}{c_I}$$

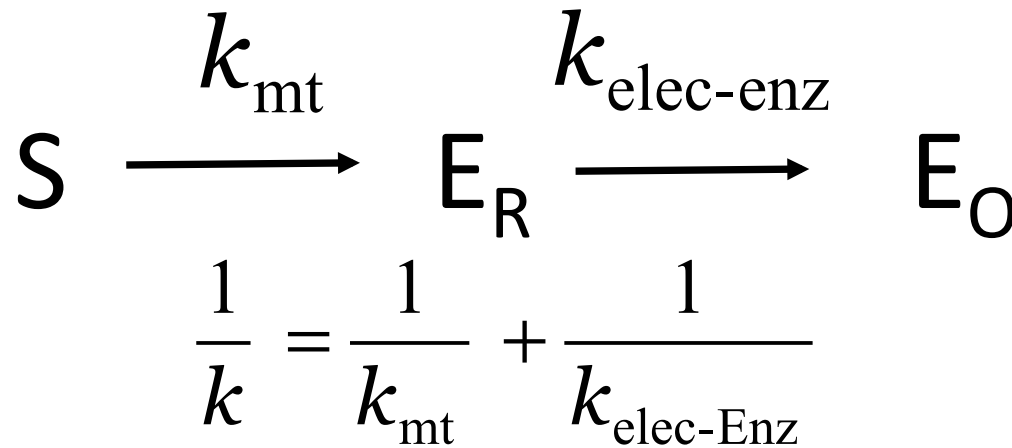
(E)再生反応律速 (すべてESになっている状態)

$$k_{4,\text{rds}} = k_4$$

$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{K_2 k_4} + \frac{1}{K_1 K_2 k_4} + \frac{1}{K_3 k_4} + \frac{1}{k_4}$$

酵素機能電極反応

直接電子移動型 Direct Electron Transfer (DET)-type



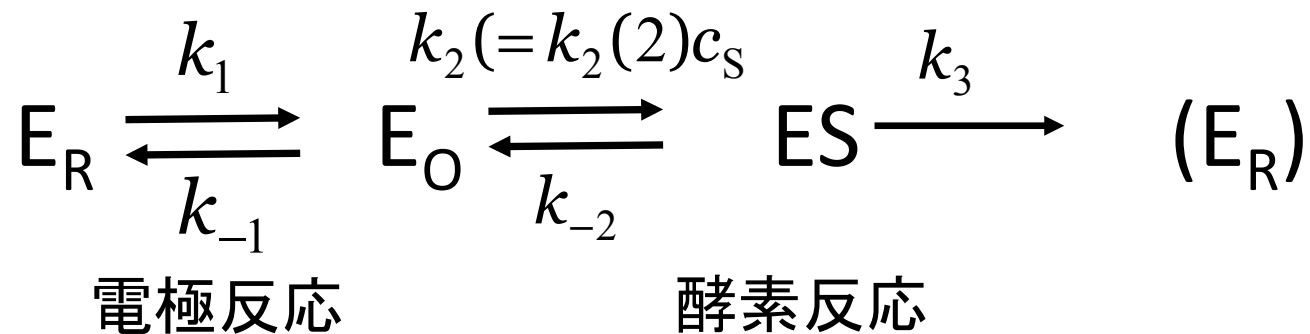
$$\frac{1}{j} = \frac{1}{j_{mt}} + \frac{1}{j_{elec-Enz}}$$

j_D や k_E は $\square$, v に依存しない

$$\frac{j_{mt(RDE)}}{n_S F} = 0.62 D_S^{2/3} \nu^{-1/6} \omega^{1/2} c_S$$

$$\frac{j_{elec-Enz}}{(n_S / n_E) F} = n_E k_{E(2)} \Gamma_E c_S = n_E k_{elec-enz} \Gamma_E$$

酵素電極界面反應速度定数 $k_{\text{elec-enz}}$



$$\frac{1}{k_{\text{elec-enz}}} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{K_1 K_2 k_3} + \frac{1}{k_3}$$

$$K_1(E) = \frac{c_{E_O}}{c_{E_R}} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1}} \quad K_2 = \frac{c_{ES}}{c_{E_O}} = \frac{k_2}{k_{-2} + k_3}$$

$$k_1 = k^\circ \eta_1^{1-\alpha} \quad k_{-1} = k^\circ \eta_1^{-\alpha} \quad \eta_1 \equiv \exp\left(\frac{n_E F(E - E'_E)}{RT}\right) = K_1$$